



Nutrient Management and Nutrient Recovery Thematic Network

Presentazione di casi di tecnologie
e prodotti fertilizzanti ottenuti da
processi di Bioeconomia:
STRUVITE

Sofía Grau – DAM

27 May 2021



- Sofía Grau.
- Project manager Innovation department.



WWTP Management.



LIFE12
ENV/ES/
000441

Integral Management Model
for Phosphorus recovery
and reuse from Urban Wastewater



With the contribution of the LIFE
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818470

- Tecnología ID: 207
- Producto ID: 208







Struvite recovery.

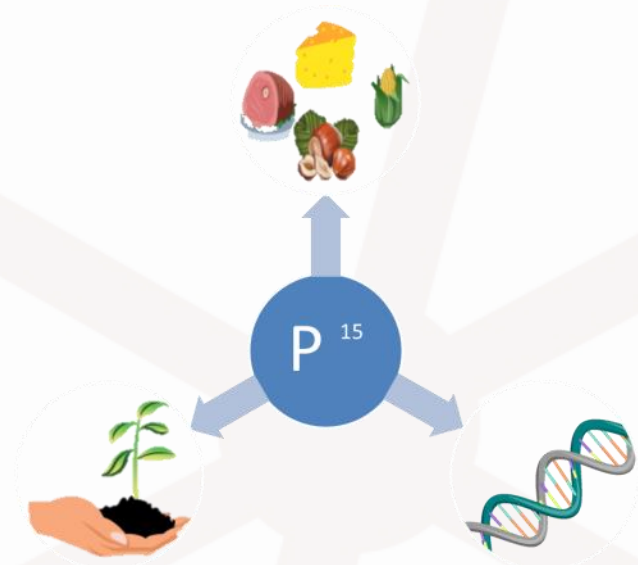
Struvite product.

Field test results.

Future.

Why Phosphorous?

1. It is essential for living organisms.
2. It is a limited natural resource.
3. It is a key nutrient for food production.
4. There are no major P deposits in Europe.
5. There is no known substitute.





STRUVITE RECOVERY

Phosphorous and environment.



Bayovar P deposit.

(Source: <http://infraestructuraperuana.blogspot.com/2014/04/yacimiento-de-fosfatos-de-bayovar.html>)



Effects of P discharges.

On 2017 European Commission included phosphorus and phosphates in the Critical Raw Material List.



Who we are ▾

Where we work ▾

What we do ▾

Science & Data



Home / News and Stories / story

04 JAN 2021 | STORY | ECOSYSTEMS AND BIODIVERSITY

Meeting the global phosphorus challenge will deliver food security and reduce pollution

Photo by Reuters / 04 Jan 2021

Fuente: <https://www.unep.org/>

What to do?

1. Reducing external dependency on P supply.
2. Boosting more efficient agriculture.
3. Encouraging P recovery solutions.



STRUVITE RECOVERY



“Integral Management Model for Phosphorus Recovery and reuse from Urban Wastewater”



Sustainable Management of P in WWTPs

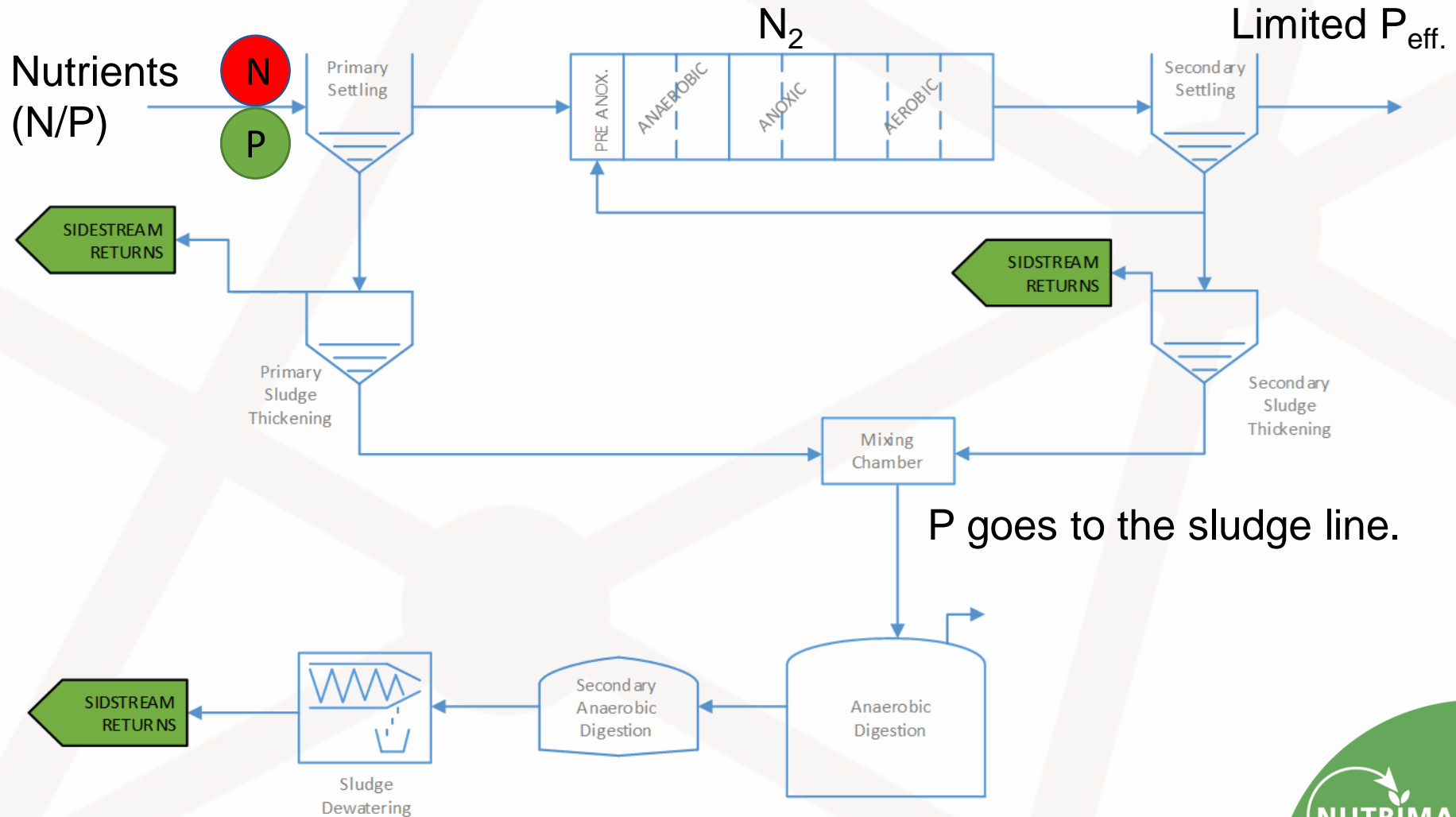


Uncontrolled P precipitation



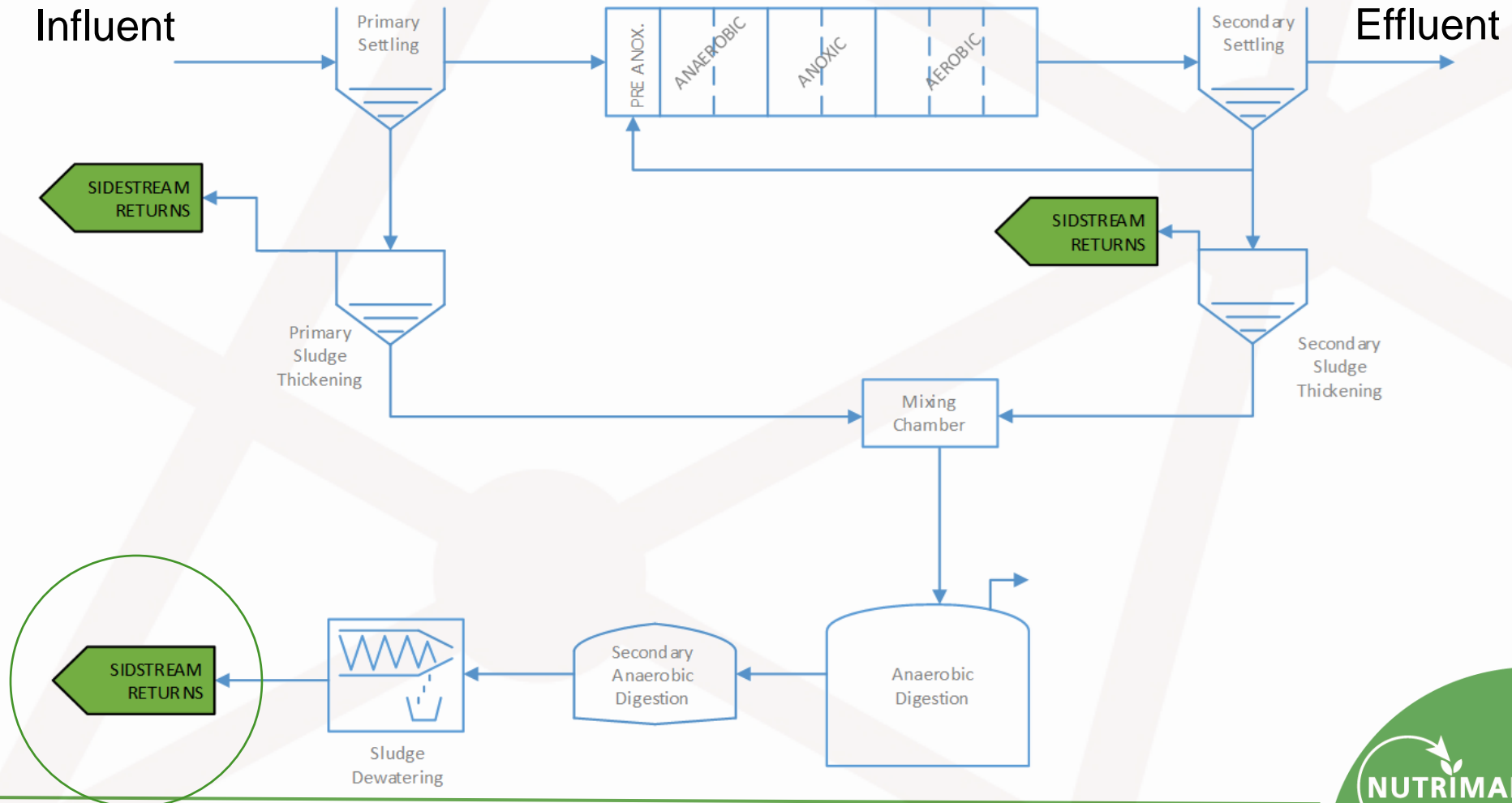
P recovery from sludge line supernatants

STRUVITE RECOVERY



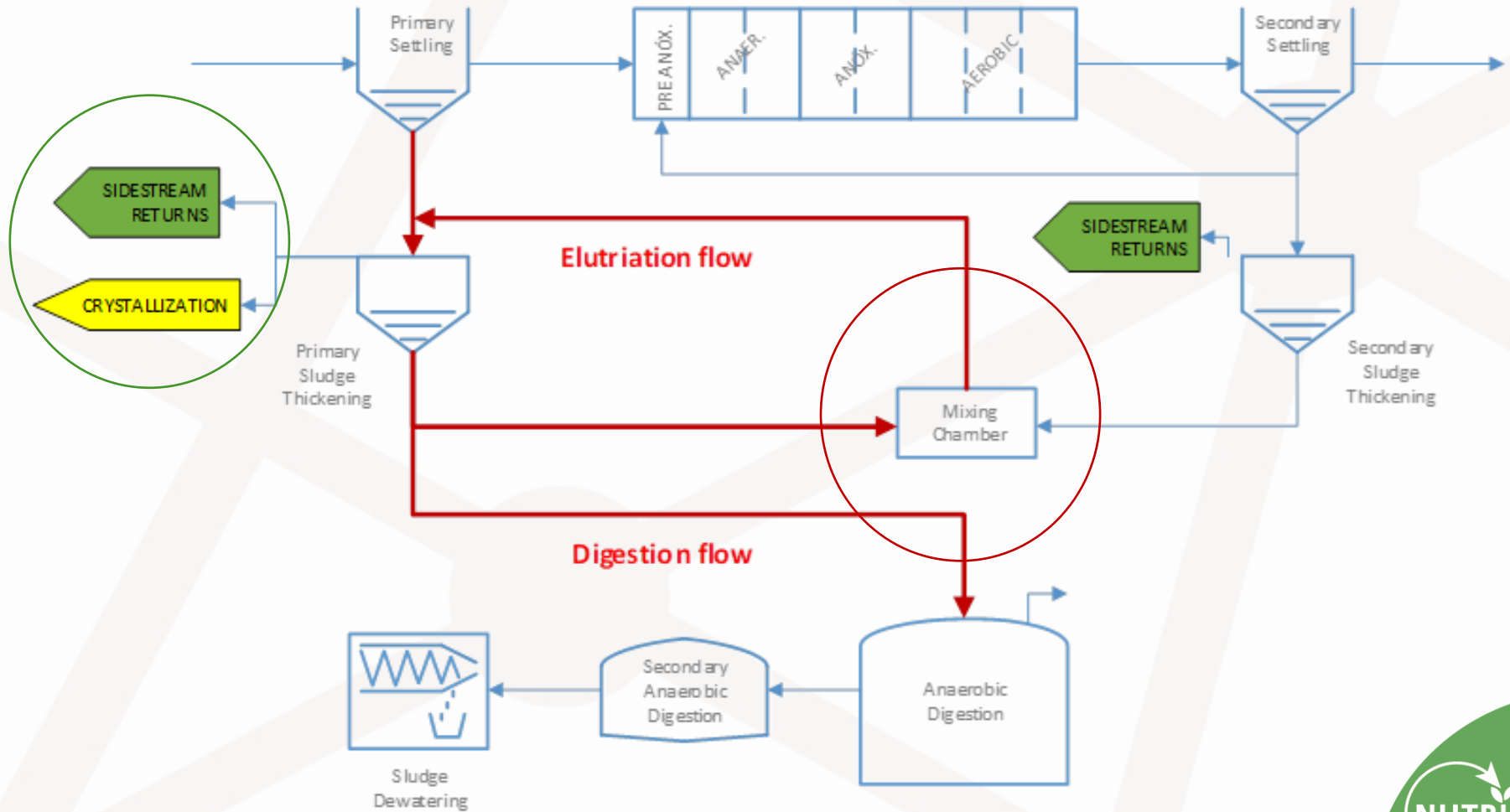


STRUVITE RECOVERY





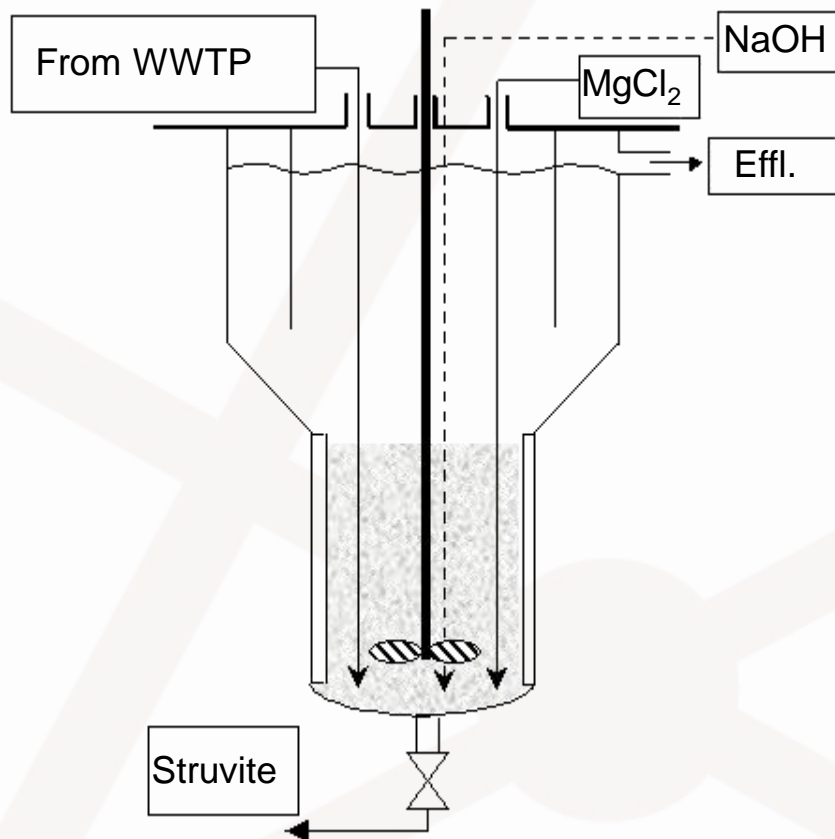
STRUVITE RECOVERY



THE REACTOR



- CSTR(reaction)+Settling



- Prototype: 20L \longrightarrow 5m³.
- Flow: 20 m³/d.
- Two areas:
 - Mixed, where the reaction takes place.
 - Settling, to separate struvite from liquid fraction.
- The P-rich flow from the WWTP is **continuously fed** to the reactor while struvite is **recovered in batches**.

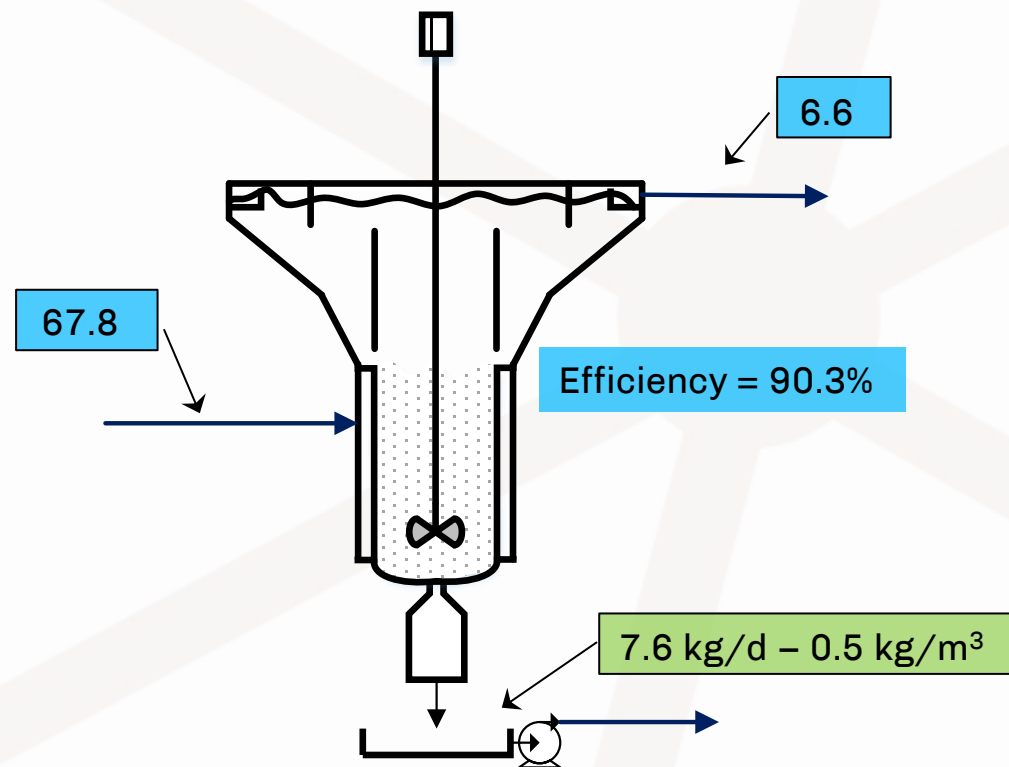
THE REACTOR



- Demonstration plant.



Operational parameter	Set Value
pH	8.7
Molar ratio (Mg/P)	1.3
Inlet flow (m ³ /d)	20,0
Reaction zone HRT (h)	2.5
Total HRT (h)	6.1
Agitator speed (rpm)	69
[Mg ²⁺] (mg Mg/L)	4800



P-PO₄ (mg/L)

Struvite

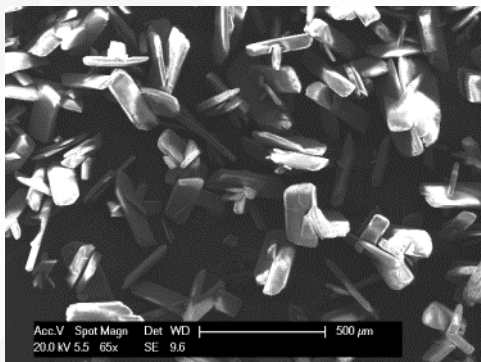
THE PRODUCT



STRUVITE PRODUCT



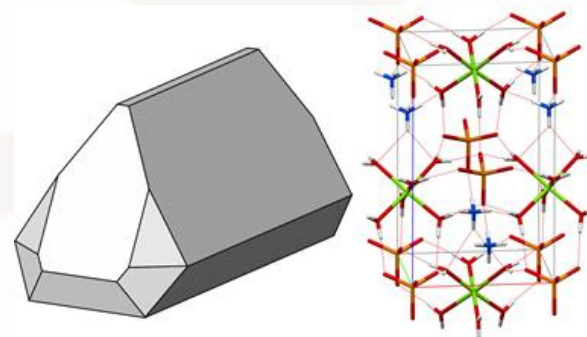
Struvite recovery reaction:



STRUVITE PRODUCT



Parameter	Characteristics	Reference
Nature	Mineral salt	
Chemical name	Magnesium ammonium phosphate hexahydrate	
Formula	$\text{MgNH}_4\text{PO}_4 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$	
Appearance	White glowing crystal	Bassett & Bedwell, 1933
Structure	Orthorhombic: regular PO_4^{3-} octahedral, distorted $\text{Mg}(\text{H}_2\text{O})_6^{2+}$ octahedral, and NH_4^+ groups all held together by hydrogen bonding	Abbona & Boistelle, 1979
Molecular weight	245,43 g/mol	
Density	1,711 g/cm ³	Borgerding, 1972
Solubility	Low in water: 0,018 g/100 mL at 25 °C in water High in acids: 0,033 g/100 mL at 25 °C in 0,001 N HCl 0,178 g/100 mL at 25 °C in 0,01 N HCl	Bridger <i>et al.</i> , 1961
Solubility constant	10E-13,26	Ohlinger <i>et al.</i> , 1998



The low water solubility and the high solubility in acidic solution bring ideal properties as a slow-release fertilizer

STRUVITE PRODUCT

- Nutrients:

5 N%, 29 P₂O₅%, <1,0 K₂O%



- Characteristics:

- Size: >200 µm

- TOC: <0,5 %

- Purity: 81%

- No presence of heavy metals.

STRUVITE PRODUCT



- Nutrients:

5 N%, 29 P₂O₅%, <1,0 K₂O%



Micropollutant	Unit (µg/kg)	Micropollutant	Unit (µg/kg)
Octylphenol	<0.1	Hexachlorobenzene	1.1
t-Nonylphenol	<0.5	Hexachlorobutadiene	2.6
4-Nonylphenol	<0.05	Pentachlorobenzene	3.4
Alachlor	<3	Trifluralin	<0.3
Chlorfenvinphos	<5	123-Trichlorobenzene	<0.5
Aldrin	<0.1	124-Trichlorobenzene	3.4
Dieldrin	<0.1	135-Trichlorobenzene	<0.5
Isodrine	<0.1	Quinoxifen	<0.1
Endrin	<0.1	Aclonifen	<1
Endosulfan 1	<0.5	Irgarol	<1
Brominated diphenylethers	<10	Terbutryn	<0.6
Chloroalkanes	<60	Di(2-ethylhexyl)-phthalate	<1.5
Anthracene	<1	Naphthalene	32.7
Benzo(a)pyrene	2.5	Fluoranthene	3.8
Benzo(b)fluor-anthene	3.2	Benzo(g,h,i)-perylene	0.8
Benzo(k)fluor-anthene	1.8	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)-pyrene	1.3
Diclofenac	<0.5	Paracetamol	<50
Acetylsalicylic acid	<10	Ibuprofen	<1

STRUVITE RECOVERY



- Struvite was first described on 1845, found at the Hamburg sewage system.
- The WWTP problems due to uncontrolled struvite precipitation are known since 1970s.
- Its uncontrolled precipitation damages severely pipes and equipment.
- It is considered a promising fertilizer due to its slow release properties.



STRUVITE RECOVERY



- Struvite can be recovered either from urban WWTP, industrial WWTP or livestock waste.
- Struvite can be used as fertilizer and reduce the European external dependency on P-supply.
- Nowadays, there are several industrial struvite recovery plants in Europe and the recovered struvite is used as fertilizer.

<i>Tecnología</i> <i>Parámetro</i>	<i>Phospaq™</i>	<i>Anphos</i>	<i>NuReSys©</i>	<i>Unitika Phosnix©</i>	<i>Ostara Pearl®</i>	<i>Crystalactor©</i>
Tipo de reactor	CSTR con difusión de aire	BSTR	CSTR	FBR	FBR	FBR
Nombre del producto	Estruvita	Estruvita	BioStru®	Estruvita	Crystal Green®	Estruvita, CaP, MgP
Rendimiento de recuperación (%)	10-40 %N 80 %P	80-90 %P	5-20 %N >85 %P	80-85 %P	10-40 %N 80-90 %P	10-40 %N 70-80 % P
Instalaciones industriales (Nº)	11	3	7	2	8	4



FIELD TEST RESULTS

- Field test.
Potato





FIELD TEST RESULTS

- Field test.
Corn



FIELD TEST RESULTS



Potato



Corn

- Results with conventional fertilization and struvite fertilization were similar.
- **Number of plants:** no significant difference.
- P-availability from **soil:** bigger on struvite fertilized crops.
- **Leaf** analysis: No significant difference.
- No **phytotoxicity** neither **any handling problem** with the struvite.

FUTURE – What's missing?

- STRUVITE
5 N%, 29 P₂O₅%, <1,0 K₂O%
- CONVENTIONAL FERTILIZERS
NPK
- Combination of struvite with other fertilizers.



THE NEW COMBINATION



- Scarole



- Persimmon



CONCLUSIONES



- Struvite obtained is a high-quality product.
- The lack of N and K is not a problem.
- It can be combined with other mineral fertilizers.
- It can be applied with organic fertilizers (compost).

Struvite obtained by DAM meets all the requirements to be consider as a safe slow release fertilizer.

- The new Regulation 1009/2019 opens the way for using struvite as fertilizer in the whole European Union.





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Thank you
For Your Attention

Special thanks to CEBAS-CSIC for sharing pictures from the field test.



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